



VERSION 1 24.11.2021

1 – SCHEME DETAILS			
Project Name	A635 Active Travel Scheme	Type of funding	Grant
Grant Recipient	Barnsley Metropolitan Borough Council	Total Scheme Cost	£2,404,481
MCA Executive Board	TEB	MCA Funding	£2,404,481
Programme name	TCF2	% MCA Allocation	100%
Current Gateway Stage	FBC	MCA Development costs	£406,322 (already received stage 1 and 2)
		% of total MCA allocation	16.5%

2 – PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Is it clear what the MCA is being asked to fund?

Yes. The A635 Active Travel Scheme is a package of measures which seeks to promote walking and cycling connectivity on the A635 between Stairfoot Roundabout and Hollygrove Round in Goldthorpe.

The Scheme comprises:

- 1. Widening footways that run parallel along the A635;
- 2. Improved bus stop facilities with real time information, shelters and seating for patrons;
- 3. Improved junctions along the route with side roads allowing active travel priority when crossing the junction;
- 4. Improved street lighting;
- 5. Way finder and signage;
- 6. Three uncontrolled crossings in Ardsley along the A635;
- 7. Reducing severance in Ardsley;
- 8. Prohibition of driving along Fitzwilliam Road in Ardsley; and
- 9. Resurfacing junctions with tactile paving to aid visually impaired pedestrians.

3. STRATEGIC CASE		
Scheme Rationale	Does the scheme have a clearly stated rationale and provide a strong justification for public funding?	
	Yes, the scheme rationale is the need for Barnsley Council to encourage active travel between housing and	
	employment/leisure sites on the A635 between Barnsley Cathill Roundabout in Darfield.	
Strategic policy fit	fit How well does the scheme align with the strategic objectives of the SEP and RAP?	
	It aligns with all three overarching SEP objectives.	

Contribution to Carbon Net Zero	Does this scheme a Yes	lign with the strategic objective to achieve Carbon Net Zero	??
SMART scheme objectives	 To better c To effect a increase in To create a To improve To improve Is there a 'golden th 	cheme objective as presented in the business case. onnect the areas of transport poverty with areas of opp mode shift away from the private car on those corridor demand or where growth could be stifled a cultural shift towards making cycling and walking the e the safety of the A635 corridor e air quality and environmental impacts along the corri- read' between the strategic objectives (see 3.2) and the sc jective is to "Increase demand for active travel mode	s where new opportunities are likely to see an natural choice for shorter journeys dor cheme objectives (see 3.8)?.
Options assessment	Is there a genuine Options assessment and is there a clear rationale for the selection of short-listed options and the choice of the Preferred Way Forward? Yes, although the preferred option was chosen before detailed appraisal carried out, contrary to TAG. Practicality/likely impact were the main criteria for selecting only one option for detailed appraisal.		
Statutory requirements and adverse consequences	Does the scheme have any Statutory Requirements? No. Are there any adverse consequences that are unresolved by the scheme promoter? No.		
FBC stage only – Confirmation of alignment with agreed MCA outcomes (Stronger, Greener, Fairer).	Yes		
4. VALUE FOR MONEY Monetised Benefits:			
VFM Indicator		Value	R/A/G
Net Present Social Value (£)		£0.903m	
Benefit Cost Ratio / GVA per £1 of SYMCA Investment		1.60	
Cost per Job		n/a	
Non-Monetised Benefits:			
Non-Quantified Benefits		Noise, LAQ, Landscape, Journey quality, acci	dents, security, severance – Slight Beneficial

Value for Money Statement

Taking into consideration the monetised and non-monetised benefits and costs, does the scheme represent good value for money? No - medium value

What ar	re the most significant risks ?		
	Risk the risk and identify both its probability and impact on a scale of high-medium- low]	Mitigation [State how you will mitigate the risk]	Owner [State who is responsible for mitigating this risk]
1.	Monitoring & Evaluation – Failure to meet Outputs/Outcomes. Cost increase due to Part 1 claims.	This will be monitored throughout the scheme. Similar working times to be reviewed to limit disruption.	Project Manager
2.	Compensation – Part 1 Claims relating to noise disturbance from construction works.	Works will be planned accordingly to minimise disruption.	Project Manager
3.	Construction - Contractual - scheme delayed and increased cost due to Exceptionally Adverse weather. Increase in scheme cost due to programme delay.	Allow float within construction period. Ensure construction aligns with lower risk periods. Accurate measure of what is exceptional as per NEC contract procedures.	Project Manager / Senior Supplier
4.	Construction - Delays during construction stage (including delays in performance by stats, works to the Strategic Road Network, adverse weather conditions etc). Increase in scheme cost due to programme delay.	Early engagement with statutory undertakers and funds available should a behaviour change to working practices be needed.	Project Manager
5.	Construction - Stability of earthworks affected by weak materials - strengthening measures necessary. Delay in programme - possible grouting / underpinning / piling works required.	Site investigation to identify and mitigation processes to be developed as part of the design.	Project Manager

.....and is there evidence that these risks are being mitigated?

Yes

Do the significant risks require any contract conditions? (e.g. clawback on outcomes)

No.

Are there any significant risks associated with securing the full funding of the scheme?

No. There is no other funding partner

Are there any key risks that need to be highlighted in relation to the procurement strategy?

No.

6. DELIVERY

Is the timetable for delivery reasonable and has the promoter identified opportunities for acceleration?

Yes. Yes – an agreement for land to be purchased has been struck with the owner. Further consultation with stakeholders has taken place. *Is the procurement strategy clear with defined milestones?*

Yes. Yes

	est certainty and is this sufficient at this stage of the assurance process?
	stage 2 costs not tender prices. Residual risk amount should more than suffice.
	firmed they will cover any cost overruns without reducing the benefits of the scheme?
No.	
-	nonstrated clear project governance and identified the SRO?
Yes. Yes	
	appropriate Officer signed off this business case?
Yes	n telene mlane end if en in them multing energy for the enhance O
	n taken place and if so, is there public support for the scheme?
Yes. Yes	reluction precedures in place?
<u> </u>	valuation procedures in place?
Yes	
7. LEGAL	
	idered Subsidy Control compliance or does the promotor still need to seek legal advice?
Yes.	dered Subsidy Control compliance of does the promotor suit need to seek legal advice?
103.	
8 RECOMMEND	ATION AND CONDITIONS
Recommendation	Approval to contract
Payment Basis	Defrayal
Conditions of Awa	rd (including clawback clauses)
The following conc	ditions must be satisfied before contract execution:
1. Tender prices	to be returned pre MCA Board, result in a total scheme cost at or below budget.